1	Senate Bill No. 49
2	(By Senator Beach)
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4	[Introduced January 11, 2012; referred to the Committee on the
5	Judiciary.]
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L O	A BILL to amend and reenact §61-2-14d of the Code of West Virginia,
L1	1931, as amended, relating to failing to provide or return a
L2	minor child for visitation; and providing penalties.
L3	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
L 4	That §61-2-14d of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
L 5	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
L 6	ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.
L 7	§61-2-14d. Failure to provide or return minor child for
L 8	visitation; false or fictitious information or
L 9	assisting in concealing a minor child; concealment
20	or removal of minor child from custodian or from
21	<pre>person entitled to visitation; penalties;</pre>
22	defenses.

1 (a) Any person who fails to make a reasonable, good faith 2 effort to provide or return a minor child in a timely manner at the 3 commencement or expiration of any lawful custodial time or 4 visitation period, or any person who provides false or fictitious 5 information or who withholds information from any law-enforcement 6 agency, or conceals, attempts to conceal, or assists another person 7 in concealing or attempting to conceal, a minor child at the 8 commencement or expiration of any lawful custodial time or 9 visitation period is, for first offense, guilty of a misdemeanor 10 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not 11 more than ten days or fined not more than \$100 and may be ordered 12 to pay any resulting court costs, or both fined and confined; for 13 the second offense, the person is quilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 14 conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail not more than thirty 15 days or fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 and may be 16 ordered to pay any resulting court costs, or both fined and 17 confined; for the third or any subsequent offense, the person is 18 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 19 imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than one nor 20 more than five years, or in the discretion of the court, shall be 21 confined in jail not more than one year or fined not more than 22 \$1,000 and may be ordered to pay any resulting court costs, or both 23 fined and imprisoned: Provided, That if the minor child is

- 1 retained more than twenty-four hours after the expiration of any
- 2 lawful custodial time or visitation period or is removed from the
- 3 state during such period the felony offense provision under
- 4 subsections (b) and/or (c) of this section applies.
- 5 (b) Any person who conceals, takes or removes a minor child in
- 6 violation of any court order and with the intent to deprive another
- 7 person of lawful custodial time or visitation right is guilty of a
- 8 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state
- 9 correctional facility not less than one nor more than five years,
- 10 or in the discretion of the court, shall be confined in jail not
- 11 more than one year or fined not more than \$1,000 and may be ordered
- 12 to pay any resulting court costs, or both fined and confined.
- 13 (c) Any person who violates this section and in so doing
- 14 removes the minor child from this state or conceals the minor child
- 15 in another state is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
- 16 thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not
- 17 less than one nor more than five years, or fined not more than
- 18 \$1,000 and may be ordered to pay any resulting court costs, or both
- 19 fined and imprisoned.
- 20 (d) It is a defense under this section that the accused
- 21 reasonably believed such action was necessary to preserve the
- 22 safety and welfare of the minor child. The mere failure to return
- 23 a minor child at the expiration of any lawful custodial time or

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{1}}$ visitation period does not constitute an offense under this section

2 if there is a reasonable, good faith attempt to return a minor

3 child in a timely manner. It is the intent of this section to

4 enforce the court order and not subject the minor child to the

5 custody dispute, therefore the age or desires of the minor child

6 may not be used to constitute a defense under this section.

13 lawful custodial time or visitation.

(e) When any law-enforcement officer observes credible evidence that the accused has committed a violation of this article in knowing and willful violation of the terms of any court order he or she shall immediately enforce the court order and initiate a criminal investigation. It is the intent of this section to preserve the minor child's right to access any person granted

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide a misdemeanor and, felony penalty if a person fails to make a reasonable, good faith attempt to return a minor child in a timely manner at the expiration of a lawful custodial time or visitation period.

This section has been completely rewritten; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.